

File Formats and Pre-Processing

- File Formats
- Pre-processing Tools
- Useful Links

FILE FORMATS

Supported File Formats

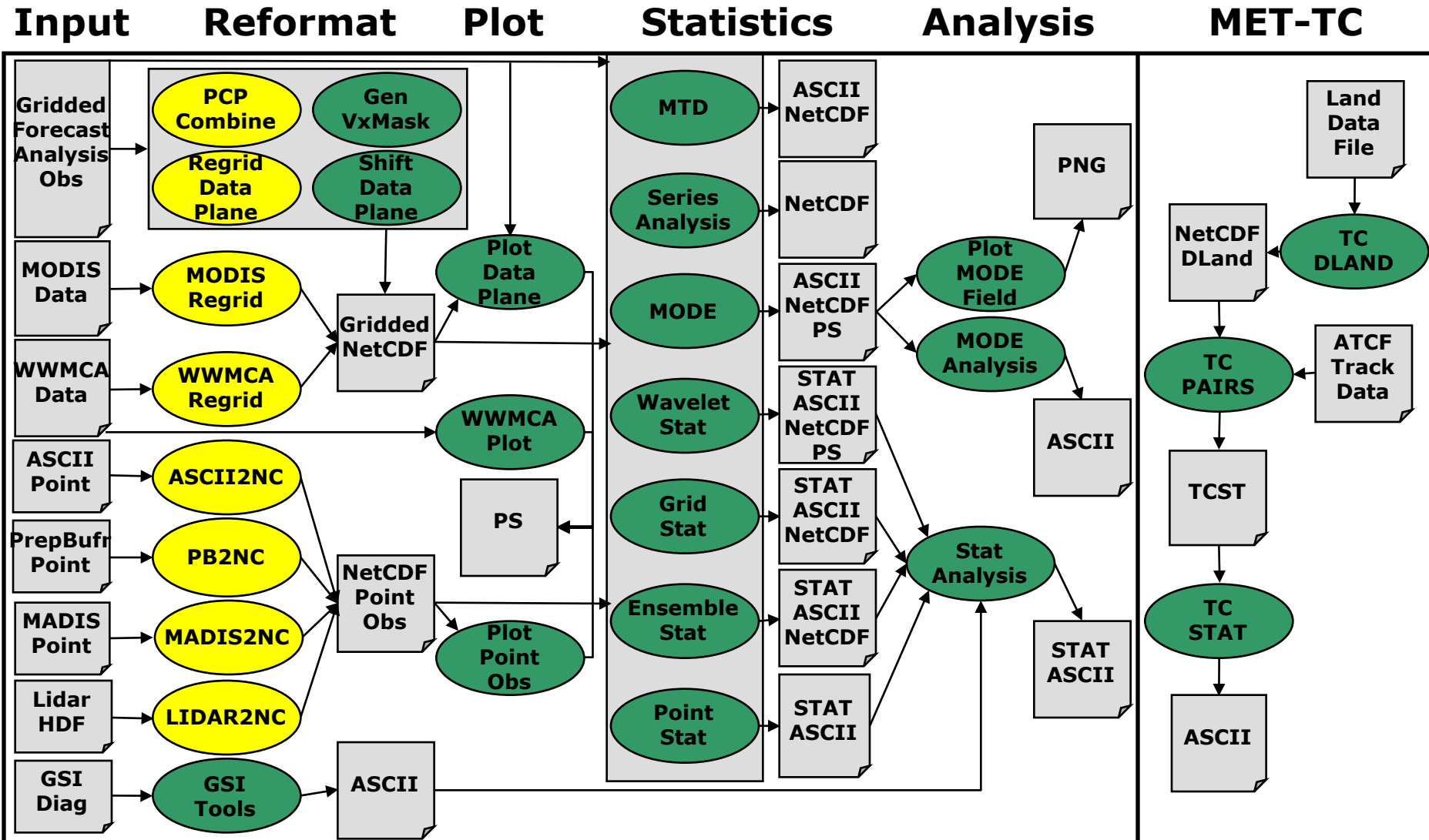
- **Forecasts**
 - **GRIB1** – GRIB1 Binary file
 - **GRIB2** – GRIB version 2 disabled by default (*--enable-grib2*)
 - **NetCDF** – Output from wrf_interp WRF-ARW utility, CF-Compliant versions 3 and 4, and internal MET NetCDF format
- **Gridded Analyses**
 - Same as Forecast file formats
 - GRIB Stage II/IV, MRMS, URMA, Model Analyses
 - **WWMCA** – World Wide Merged Cloud Analysis
 - **TRMM** – Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission
 - **MODIS** – Moderate-Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer
- **Point Observations**
 - **PREPBUFR** – binary data assimilation product (NDAS or GDAS)
 - **ASCII** – “MET specific” 11-column, little-r, SURFRAD, WWSIS, Aeronet
 - **MADIS** – Metar, Raob, Profiler, Maritime, Mesonet, or acarsProfiles
 - **LIDAR** - CALIPSO

Data Inventory Tools

- **wgrib** – dumps GRIB1 headers and data.
 - <http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/wesley/wgrib.html>
- **wgrib2** – dumps GRIB2 headers and data.
 - <http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/wesley/wgrib2/>
- **ncdump** - dumps NetCDF headers and data.
ncview – plots gridded NetCDF data.
 - <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/>
- **GrADS** – command line interface to produce plots.
 - <http://www.iges.org/grads/downloads.html>
- **NCL** – command line interface to produce plots.
 - <http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/>
- **IDV** – gui-driven visualization of many gridded and point datasets.
 - <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/idv/>

PRE-PROCESSING TOOLS

Pre-Processing / Reformatting



Data Reformating Tools

- **PB2NC, ASCII2NC, MADIS2NC, LIDAR2NC**
 - Reformat point observations to the NetCDF format expected by Point-Stat and Ensemble-Stat.
- **MODIS_Regrid, WWMCA_Regrid**
 - Regrid HDF MODIS or binary WWMCA observations to the gridded NetCDF format expected by the MET statistics tools.
- **Regrid_Data_Plane**
 - Regrid one or more gridded data fields to user-specified grid.
- **PCP_Combine**
 - Add, subtract, or sum precipitation values across multiple gridded data files and write to the gridded NetCDF format expected by the MET statistics tools.

1. PB2NC Tool

- **Stands for “PREPBUFR to NetCDF”**
- **Functionality:**
 - Filters and reformats binary PREPBUFR and BUFR point observations into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - Configuration file specifies:
 - Observation types, variables, locations, elevations, quality marks, and times to retain or derive for use in Point-Stat or Ensemble-Stat.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads PREPBUFR and BUFR using NCEP’s BUFRLIB.
 - Writes point NetCDF as input to Point-Stat or Ensemble-Stat.

PREPBUFR

- **BUFR** is the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) standard binary code for the representation and exchange of observational data.
 - <http://www.nco.ncep.noaa.gov/sib/decoders/BUFRLIB/>
 - <http://www.ecmwf.int/products/data/software/>
- The **PREPBUFR** format is produced by NCEP for analyses and data assimilation. The system that produces this format:
 - Assembles observations dumped from a number of sources
 - Encodes
 - information about the observational error for each data type
 - background (first guess) interpolation for each data location
 - Performs both rudimentary multi-platform quality control and more complex platform-specific quality control
 - North American and Global datasets
- Only works with NCEP datasets with embedded tables.
- Support for external BUFR tables coming soon.

PB2NC: Usage

Usage: pb2nc

prepbufr_file

netcdf_file

config_file

[-pbfile prepbufr_file]

[-valid_beg time]

[-valid_end time]

[-nmsg n]

[-index]

[-dump path]

[-log file]

[-v level]

[-compress level]

prepbufr_file	Input PrepBufr file name
netcdf_file	Output NetCDF file name
config_file	PB2NC configuration file
-pbfile	Additional input PrepBufr files
-valid_beg -valid_end	Beginning/Ending of valid time window [YYYYMMDD_[HH[MMSS]]]
-nmsg	Number of PrepBufr messages to process
-index	Lists available BUFR variables
-dump	Dump entire contents of PrepBufr file to file in path
-log	Output file for log messages
-v	Level of logging
-compress	Compression level

PB2NC: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/pb2nc \`
`ndas.t00z.prepbuftr.tm12.20070401.nr \`
`out/tutorial_pb.nc PB2NCConfig_tutorial -v 2`

Q: What obs are in a PREPBUFR file?

A: Use “-index” option in PB2NC

```
>/usr/local/met-6.1/bin/pb2nc nam.20120410.t12z.prepbuftr.tm00.nr pb2nc_test.nc /usr/local/met-6.1/share/met/config/PB2NCConfig_default -index
```

```
DEBUG 1: Header variables:
DEBUG 1:   SID: STATION IDENTIFICATION
DEBUG 1:   XOB: LONGITUDE
DEBUG 1:   YOB: LATITUDE
DEBUG 1:   DHR: OBSERVATION TIME MINUS CYCLE TIME
DEBUG 1:   ELV: STATION ELEVATION
DEBUG 1:   TYP: PREPBUFR REPORT TYPE
DEBUG 1:   T29: DATA DUMP REPORT TYPE
DEBUG 1:   ITP: INSTRUMENT TYPE
DEBUG 1:
DEBUG 1: Observation variables:
DEBUG 1:   QOB: SPECIFIC HUMIDITY OBSERVATION      types: ADPUPA  AIRCFT  SATWND  PROFLR  VADWND  ADPSFC
DEBUG 1:   TOB: TEMPERATURE OBSERVATION           types: ADPUPA  AIRCFT  SATWND  PROFLR  VADWND  ADPSFC  SFCSHP
DEBUG 1:   ZOB: HEIGHT OBSERVATION                types: ADPUPA  ADPSFC  SFCSHP
DEBUG 1:   UOB: U-COMPONENT WIND OBSERVATION       types: ADPUPA  AIRCFT  ADPSFC  SFCSHP  RASSDA
DEBUG 1:   VOB: V-COMPONENT WIND OBSERVATION       types: ADPUPA  AIRCFT  ADPSFC  SFCSHP  RASSDA
DEBUG 1:   CLTP: CLOUD TYPE                       types: AIRCFT  ADPSFC
DEBUG 1:   CLAM: CLOUD AMOUNT                     types: ADPUPA  AIRCFT  ADPSFC  SFCSHP
```

2. ASCII2NC Tool

- **Stands for “ASCII to NetCDF”**
- **Functionality:**
 - Reformat ASCII point observations into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - Multiple input ASCII formats supported (11-column, little-r, SURFRAD, WWSIS, and Aeronet).
 - Configuration file optional to define time summaries and message type mappings for little-r.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads various input formats and writes point NetCDF as input to Point-Stat and Ensemble-Stat.
- ***Support for additional standard ASCII formats may be added as time and funding allow.***

ASCII2NC: Usage

Usage: ascii2nc

ascii_file

netcdf_file

[-format ascii_format]

[-config file]

[-mask_grid string]

[-mask_poly file]

[-mask_sid file|list]

[-log file]

[-v level]

[-compress level]

ascii_file	Input ASCII file name
netcdf_file	Output NetCDF file name
-format string	met_point, little_r, surfrad, wwsis, aeronet
-config file	Optional configuration file name
-mask_grid string	Retain points within a named grid or gridded data file.
-mask_poly file	Retain points within a lat/lon polyline.
-mask_sid file list	Retain a list of station ID's.

MET-Point ASCII Format

Msg	STID	ValidTime	Lat	Lon	Elev	Var	Lvl	Hgt	QC	Ob	Ob assigns value to variable
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	7	837.0	1618	NA	1618	*HGT
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	11	837.0	1618	NA	273.05	*TMP
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	17	837.0	1618	NA	271.85	*DPT
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	52	837.0	1618	NA	92	*RH
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	53	837.0	1618	9	0.00417	*MixRat
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	7	826.0	1724	2	1724	*HGT
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	11	826.0	1724	3	274.55	*TMP

* Use a value of "-9999" to indicate missing data

Msg	Message type
STID	Station ID
ValidTime	Valid time for observation
Lat	Latitude [North]
Lon	Longitude [East]
Elev	Elevation [m] (Note: currently not used by MET code so can be filled with -9999.)
Var	GRIB code or variable name (i.e. AccPrecip or 61, MSLP or 2, Temp or 11, etc...) http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/wesley/opn_gribtable.html
Lvl	Pressure [mb] or Accumulation Interval [hr]
Hgt	Height (MSL or AGL)
QC flag	Quality control flag value
Ob	Observed value

MET-Point ASCII Format

Msg	STID	ValidTime	Lat	Lon	Elev	Var	Lvl	Hgt	QC	Ob
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	HGT		837.0	1618	NA 1618
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	TMP		837.0	1618	NA 273.05
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	DPT		837.0	1618	NA 271.85
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	RH		837.0	1618	NA 92
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	MIXR		837.0	1618	9 0.00417
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	HGT		826.0	1724	2 1724
ADPUPA	72365	20070331_120000	35.03	-106.62	1618.0	TMP		826.0	1724	3 274.55

* Use a value of "-9999" to indicate missing data

Msg	Message type
STID	Station ID
ValidTime	Valid time for observation
Lat	Latitude [North]
Lon	Longitude [East]
Elev	Elevation [m] (Note: currently not used by MET code so can be filled with -9999.)
Var	GRIB code or variable name (i.e. AccPrecip or 61, MSLP or 2, Temp or 11, etc...) http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/wesley/opn_gribtable.html
Lvl	Pressure [mb] or Accumulation Interval [hr]
Hgt	Height (MSL or AGL)
QC flag	Quality control flag value
Ob	Observed value

ASCII2NC: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/ascii2nc sample_obs.txt
sample_ascii.nc -v 2`

<pre>netcdf sample_ascii { dimensions: mxstr = 15 ; hdr_arr_len = 3 ; obs_arr_len = 5 ; nhdr = 5 ; nobs = UNLIMITED ; // (2140 currently) variables: char hdr_typ(nhdr, mxstr) ; hdr_typ:long_name = "message type" ; char hdr_sid(nhdr, mxstr) ; hdr_sid:long_name = "station identification" ; char hdr_vld(nhdr, mxstr) ; hdr_vld:long_name = "valid time" ; hdr_vld:units = "YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS UTC" ; float hdr_arr(nhdr, hdr_arr_len) ; hdr_arr:long_name = "array of observation station header values" ; hdr_arr:_fill_value = -9999.f ; hdr_arr:columns = "lat lon elv" ; ... ; float obs_arr(nobs, obs_arr_len) ; obs_arr:long_name = "array of observation values" ; obs_arr:_fill_value = -9999.f ; obs_arr:columns = "hdr_id gc lvl hgt ob" ; obs_arr:hdr_id_long_name = "index of matching header data" ; ... ;</pre>	<p>Result of ncdump -h</p> <p>Result of ncdump -v obs_arr</p>	<pre>obs_arr = 0, 7, 837, 1618, 1618, 1, 11, 837, 1618, 273.05, 2, 17, 837, 1618, 271.85, 3, 52, 837, 1618, 92, 4, 53, 837, 1618, 0.00417, 5, 7, 826, 1724, 1724, 6, 11, 826, 1724, 274.55, 7, 17, 826, 1724, 272.15, 8, 52, 826, 1724, 84, 9, 53, 826, 1724, 0.00432, 10, 7, 815.3, 1829, 1829, 11, 11, 815.3, 1829, 276.45, 12, 17, 815.3, 1829, 265.75, 13, 52, 815.3, 1829, 45, 14, 53, 815.3, 1829, 0.0027, 15, 7, 815, 1832, 1832, 16, 11, 815, 1832, 276.55, 17, 17, 815, 1832, 265.55, 18, 52, 815, 1832, 44, 19, 53, 815, 1832, 0.00266, 20, 7, 784.7, 2134, 2134, 21, 11, 784.7, 2134, 274.05, 22, 17, 784.7, 2134, 264.15, 23, 52, 784.7, 2134, 47, ...</pre>
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3. MADIS2NC Tool

- **Stands for “MADIS to NetCDF”**
- **Functionality:**
 - Reformat MADIS point observations into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - No configuration file.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads MADIS METAR, ROAB, Profiler, Maritime, Mesonet, or acarsProfiles types.
 - Writes point NetCDF as input to Point-Stat or Ensemble-Stat.

MADIS2NC: Usage

Usage: `madis2nc`

`madis_file`

`out_file`

`-type str`

`[-qc_dd list]`

`[-lvl_dim list]`

`[-rec_beg n]`

`[-rec_end n]`

`[-mask_grid string]`

`[-mask_poly file]`

`[-mask_sid file|list]`

`[-log file]`

`[-v level]`

`[-compress level]`

<code>madis_file</code>	Input MADIS NetCDF file name
<code>out_file</code>	Output NetCDF file name
<code>-type str</code>	metar, raob, profiler, maritime, mesonet, or acarsProfiles
<code>-qc_dd list</code>	QC flag values to be accepted (Z,C,S,V,X,Q,K,G,B)
<code>-lvl_dim list</code>	Vertical level dimensions to be processed
<code>-rec_beg n</code>	First MADIS record to process
<code>-rec_end n</code>	Last MADIS record to process
<code>-mask_grid string</code>	Retain points within a named grid or gridded data file.
<code>-mask_poly file</code>	Retain points within a lat/lon polyline.
<code>-mask_sid file list</code>	Retain a list of station ID's.

MADIS2NC: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/madis2nc \`
`profiler_20150409_1800.nc test.nc -type profiler -v 2`

```
DEBUG 1: Reading MADIS File:      profiler_20120409_1800.nc
DEBUG 1: Writing MET File:       test.nc
DEBUG 2: Processing PROFILER recs = 22
DEBUG 2: Rejected based on QC    = 0
DEBUG 2: Rejected based on fill  = 1674
DEBUG 2: Retained or derived     = 1494
```

Result of  `ncdump -v obs_arr`

```
obs_arr =
0, 33, -9999, 1000, -0.6316155,
0, 34, -9999, 1000, -0.9334552,
0, 33, -9999, 1250, -0.4383373,
0, 34, -9999, 1250, 1.078402,
0, 33, -9999, 2250, 1.004951,
0, 34, -9999, 2250, -0.9307967,
0, 33, -9999, 2500, 0.9661151,
0, 34, -9999, 2500, -1.082675,
0, 33, -9999, 3750, 6.587607,
0, 34, -9999, 3750, -8.664121,
1, 33, -9999, 500, 0.2172839,
1, 34, -9999, 500, -2.199575,
1, 33, -9999, 750, -0.242378,
1, 34, -9999, 750, -1.682394,
1, 33, -9999, 1000, 0.2787634,
1, 34, -9999, 1000, -1.51813,
1, 33, -9999, 1250, 2.726679,
1, 34, -9999, 1250, -1.324189,
1, 33, -9999, 1500, 4.239741,
1, 34, -9999, 1500, -1.897019,
1, 33, -9999, 1750, 3.581409,
1, 34, -9999, 1750, -5.975054,
```

4. Regrid_Data_Plane Tool

- **Functionality:**
 - Stand-alone tool implementing the automated regridding capability of the MET statistics tools.
 - Extract one or more user-specified fields from the input data file.
 - Regrid to the output grid using the specified interpolation method and width.
 - No configuration file.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads any MET supported gridded data file (i.e. GRIB1/2 and flavors of NetCDF).
 - Writes gridded NetCDF as input to the MET statistics tools.

Regrid-Data-Plane: Usage

Usage: regrid_data_plane

input_filename

to_grid

output_filename

-field string

[-method type]

[-width n]

[-shape type]

[-vld_thresh n]

[-name list]

[-log file]

[-v level]

[-compress level]

input_filename	Input gridded data file name
to_grid	Output grid as a named grid, gridded data file, or grid specification
output_filename	Output NetCDF file name
-field string	Input field configuration string (may be used multiple times)
-method type	Interpolation method
-shape type	Interpolation shape (SQUARE or CIRCLE)
-width n	Interpolation width
-vld_thresh n	Interpolation required valid data ratio
-name list	Output NetCDF variable name(s)

Regrid-Data-Plane: Run

- **met-6.1/bin/regrid_data_plane **
in.grb G212 tmp_p500_G212.nc \
-field 'name="TMP"; level="P500";'
- **met-6.1/bin/regrid_data_plane **
in.grb gfs.t06z.pgrb2full.0p50.f078 \
surface_winds.nc \
-field 'name="UGRD"; level="Z10";' \
-field 'name="VGRD"; level="Z10";' \
-field 'name="WIND"; level="Z10";' \
-name UWind,VWind,WindSpeed

5. PCP-Combine Tool

- **Stands for “Precip-Combine”**
- **Functionality:**
 - Mathematically combines precipitation fields across multiple files.
 - Add precipitation over 2 files
 - *2 NMM output files to go from 3-hr to 6-hr accumulation.*
 - Sum precipitation over more than 2 files
 - *12 WSR-88D Level II data to go from 5 min accumulation to 1-hr accumulation.*
 - Subtract precipitation in 2 files
 - *2 ARW output files to go from 12 hr accumulations to 6 hour accumulation*
 - Specify field name on the command line.
 - No configuration file.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads GRIB1, GRIB2, or pinterp or CF compliant NetCDF format.
 - Writes gridded NetCDF as input to stats tools.

PCP-Combine: Usage

Usage: `pcp_combine`

`[-sum sum_args]`

or `[-add add_args]`

or `[-subtract sub_args]`

`[-field string]`

`[-name variable_name]`

`[-log file]`

`[-v level]`

`[-compress level]`

<code>-sum</code>	Accumulates data over multiple files. <i>Sum_args</i>: (init_time, in_accum, valid_time, out_accum, out_file, -pcpdir path, -pcprx reg_exp)
<code>-add</code>	Accumulates data over two files. <i>Add_args</i>: (in_file1, Accum1, in_file2, Accum2, out_file).
<code>-subtract</code>	Subtracts data over two files. <i>Sub_args</i>: (in_file1, Accum1, in_file2, Accum2, out_file).
<code>-field</code>	Defines the data to be extracted from the input files.
<code>-name</code>	Name of combined variable in output NetCDF file.

PCP-Combine: Sum

- **Two examples of the `-sum` option**

- 1) Sum two 6-hourly accumulation forecast files into a single 12-hour accumulation forecast.

```
met-6.1/bin/pcp_combine \  
-sum 20050807_000000 6 20050807_120000 12  
sample_fcst.nc -pcpdir data/2005080700
```

- 2) Summing 12 1-hourly accumulation observation files into a single 12-hour accumulated observation.

```
met-6.1/bin/pcp_combine \  
-sum 00000000_000000 1 \  
20050807_120000 12 \  
sample_obs.nc -pcpdir data/ST2ml
```

PCP-Combine: Add and Subtract

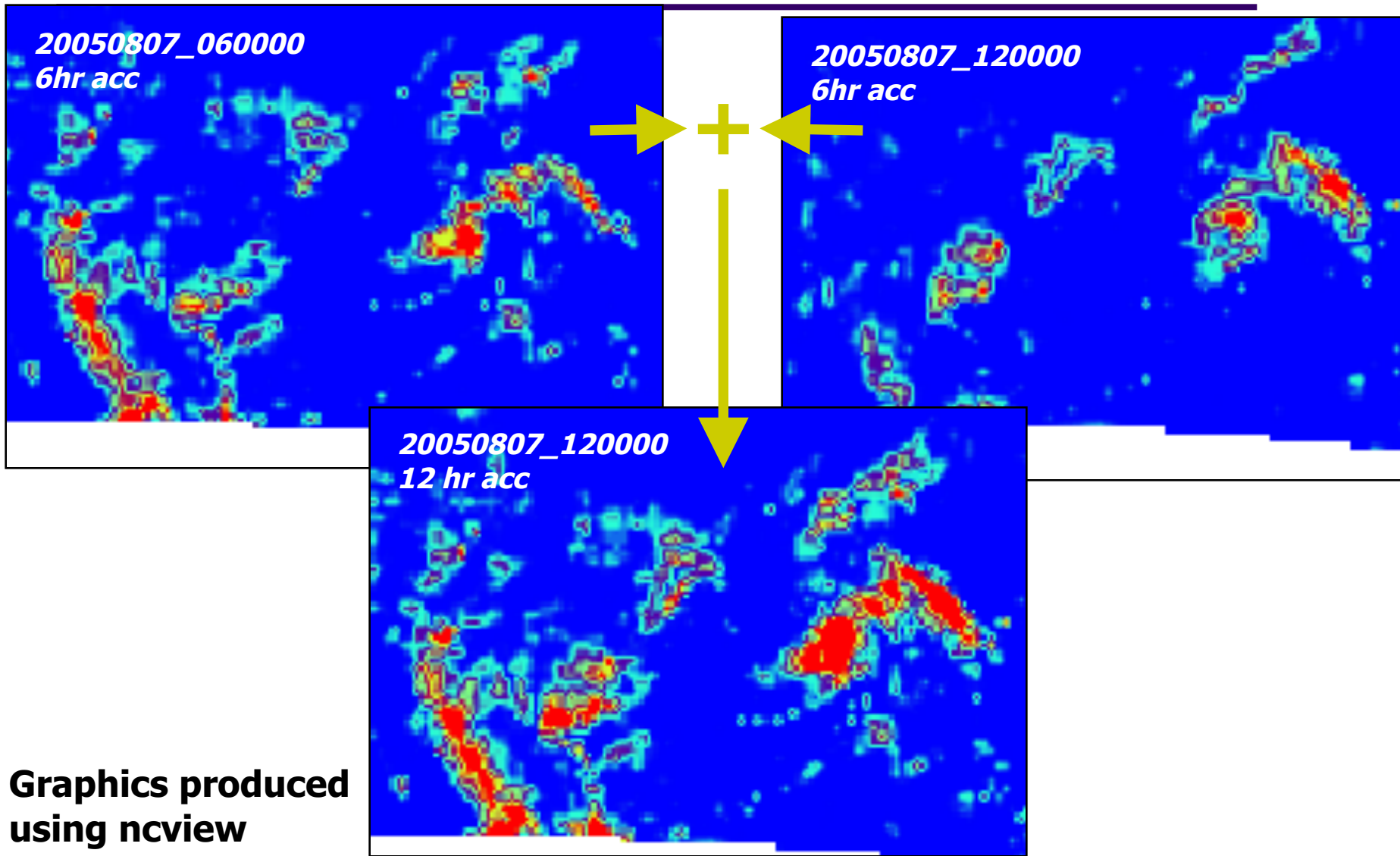
- Use **-add** option for already binned precipitation:
 - Adding two 6-hourly accumulation forecast files into a single 12-hour accumulation forecast.

```
met-6.1/bin/pcp_combine -add \  
20050807_060000.grb 6 \  
20050807_120000.grb 6 \  
APCP_12_20050807_120000.nc
```

- Use **-subtract** option for “runtime” accumulations:
 - Subtract 36 hour accumulation minus 12 hour accumulation for 24 hours in between.

```
met-6.1/bin/pcp_combine -subtract \  
nam_2012040900_F036.grib 36 \  
nam_2012040900_F012.grib 12 \  
nam_2012040900_F036_APCP_24.nc
```

PCP-Combine: Example #1



Graphics produced
using ncview

SPECIALIZED SATELLITE PRE-PROCESSING TOOLS

6. MODIS-Regrid Tool

- **Depends on HDF4/HDFEOS libraries.**
- **Compilation disabled by default (*--enable-modis*)**
- **Functionality:**
 - Reformat MODIS satellite observations into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - No configuration file.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads MODIS level 2 data.
 - Writes gridded NetCDF as input to the MET statistics tools.

MODIS-Regrid: Usage

Usage: `modis_regrid`

`-data_file path`

`-field name`

`-out path`

`-scale value`

`-offset value`

`-fill value`

`[-units text]`

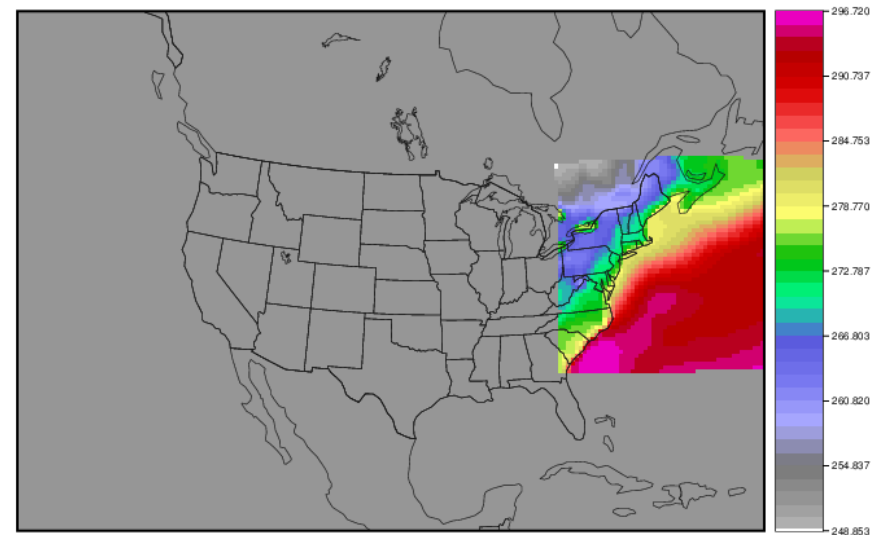
`[-compress level]`

`modis_file`

<code>-data_file path</code>	Gridded data file defining output grid
<code>-field name</code>	Field to process in MODIS file, e.g. temperature
<code>-out path</code>	Output NetCDF file name
<code>-scale value</code>	Scale factor to use
<code>-offset value</code>	Offset factor
<code>-fill value</code>	Bad data value
<code>-units text</code>	Units string to be written to the output file
<code>modis_file</code>	Input file MODIS file name

MODIS-Regrid: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/modis_regrid -field Cloud_Fraction \
-data_file grid_file -out t2.nc \
-units percent -scale 0.01 -offset 0 -fill 127 \
~/modis_regrid_test_data/modisfile`



7. WWMCA-Regrid Tool

- **Functionality:**
 - Reformat Air Force binary World Wide Merged Cloud Analysis into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - Configuration file required to define regridding logic, output variables, and pixel age information.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads binary WWMCA files.
 - Writes gridded NetCDF as input to the MET statistics tools.

WWMCA-Regrid: Usage

Usage: wwmca_regrid

-out filename

-config filename

-nh filename

[pt_filename]

-sh filename

[pt_filename]

[-log file]

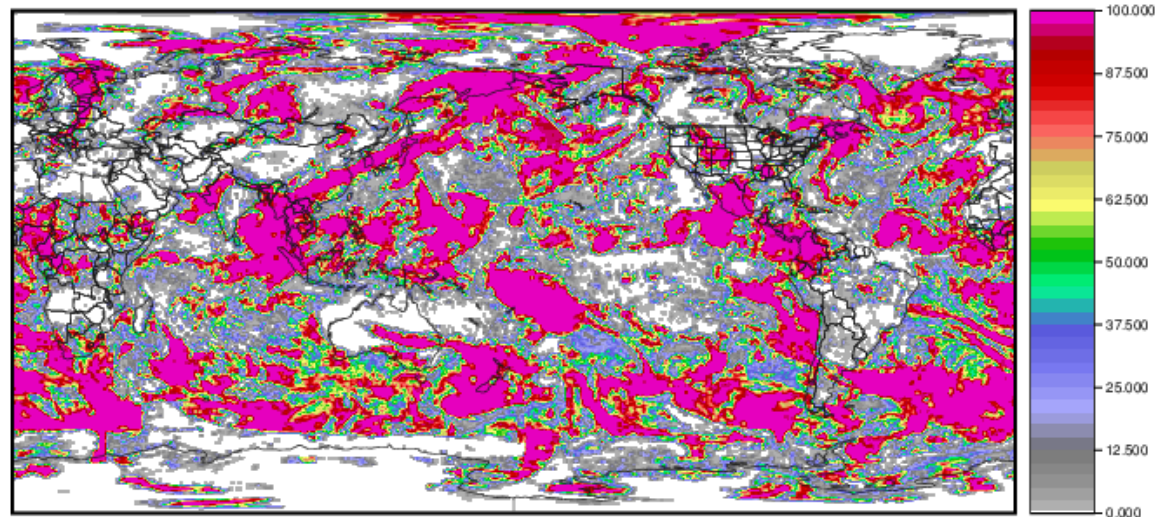
[-v level]

[-compress level]

-out filename	Output NetCDF file name
-config filename	Configuration file name
-nh filename	Northern Hemisphere data file
-sh filename	Southern Hemisphere data file
[pt_filename]	Pixel time files for the Northern and Southern hemispheres to mask data by pixel age

WWMCA-Regrid: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/wwmca_regrid \`
 `-config WWMCARegridConfig \`
 `-nh WWMCA_TOTAL_CLOUD_PCT_NH_2009083005 \`
 `-sh WWMCA_TOTAL_CLOUD_PCT_SH_2009083005 \`
 `-out WWMCA_TOTAL_CLOUD_PCT_2009083005_GFS_LATLON.nc \`
 `-v 2`



WWMCA_TOTAL_CLOUD_PCT_2009083005_GFS_LATLON.nc

8. LIDAR2NC Tool

- **Stands for “LIDAR to NetCDF”**
- **Depends on HDF4/HDFEOS libraries.**
- **Compilation disabled by default (*--enable-lidar2nc*)**
- **Functionality:**
 - Reformat LIDAR point observations into intermediate NetCDF format.
 - No configuration file.
- **Data formats:**
 - Reads CALIPSO Lidar data.
 - Writes point NetCDF as input to Point-Stat or Ensemble-Stat.
- ***Support for additional LIDAR formats may be added as time and funding allow.***

LIDAR2NC: Usage

Usage: lidar2nc

lidar_file

-out out_file

[-log file]

[-v level]

[-compress level]

lidar_file	Input LIDAR HDF file name
-out out_file	Output NetCDF file name

LIDAR2NC: Run

- `met-6.1/bin/lidar2nc \`
`CAL_LID_L2_05kmCLay-Prov-V3-40.2016-12-01T01-24-58ZN.hdf \`
`-out CAL_LID_L2_05kmCLay-Prov-V3-40.2016-12-01T01-24-`
`58ZN.nc`

```
DEBUG 1: Processing Lidar File: data/lidar_data/CAL_LID_L2_05kmCLay-Prov-V3-40.2016-12-01T01-24-58ZN.hdf
DEBUG 1: Writing MET File: tutorial/out/lidar2nc/CAL_LID_L2_05kmCLay-Prov-V3-40.2016-12-01T01-24-58ZN.nc
DEBUG 2: Processing Lidar points = 3728
```

```
obs_arr =
0, 500, _, 0, 1,
0, 501, 995.6906, 142.5747, 142.5747,
0, 502, 865.9296, 1160.472, 1160.472,
0, 503, 995.6906, 142.5747, 0,
0, 504, 995.6906, 142.5747, 100,
0, 601, 995.6906, 142.5747, 2,
0, 602, 995.6906, 142.5747, 0,
0, 603, 995.6906, 142.5747, 0,
0, 604, 995.6906, 142.5747, 3,
0, 600, 995.6906, 142.5747, 2,
0, 601, 995.6906, 142.5747, 2,
0, 505, 995.6906, 142.5747, 142.5747,
0, 506, 865.9296, 1160.472, 1160.472,
1, 500, _, 0, 1,
1, 501, 999.7334, 112.6365, 112.6365,
1, 502, 862.3634, 1190.41, 1190.41,
1, 503, 999.7334, 112.6365, 0,
1, 504, 999.7334, 112.6365, 100,
1, 601, 999.7334, 112.6365, 2,
1, 602, 999.7334, 112.6365, 0,
1, 603, 999.7334, 112.6365, 0,
```

Table 4.5: lidar2nc GRIB codes and their meaning, units, and abbreviations

GRIB Code	Meaning	Units	Abbreviation
500	Number of Cloud Layers	NA	NLayers
501	Cloud Layer Base AGL	m	Layer_Base
502	Cloud Layer Top AGL	m	Layer_Top
503	Cloud Opacity	%	Opacity
504	CAD Score	NA	CAD_Score
505	Minimum Cloud Base AGL	m	Min_Base
506	Maximum Cloud Top AGL	m	Max_Top
600	Feature Type	NA	Feature_Type
601	Ice/Water Phase	NA	Ice_Water_Phase
602	Feature Sub-Type	NA	Feature_Sub_Type
603	Cloud/Aerosol/PSC Type QA	NA	Cloud_Aerosol_PSC_Type_QA
604	Horizontal Averaging	NA	Horizontal_Averaging