

# Scripts I

HWRF Python Scripts Training

Miami, FL

November 19, 2015

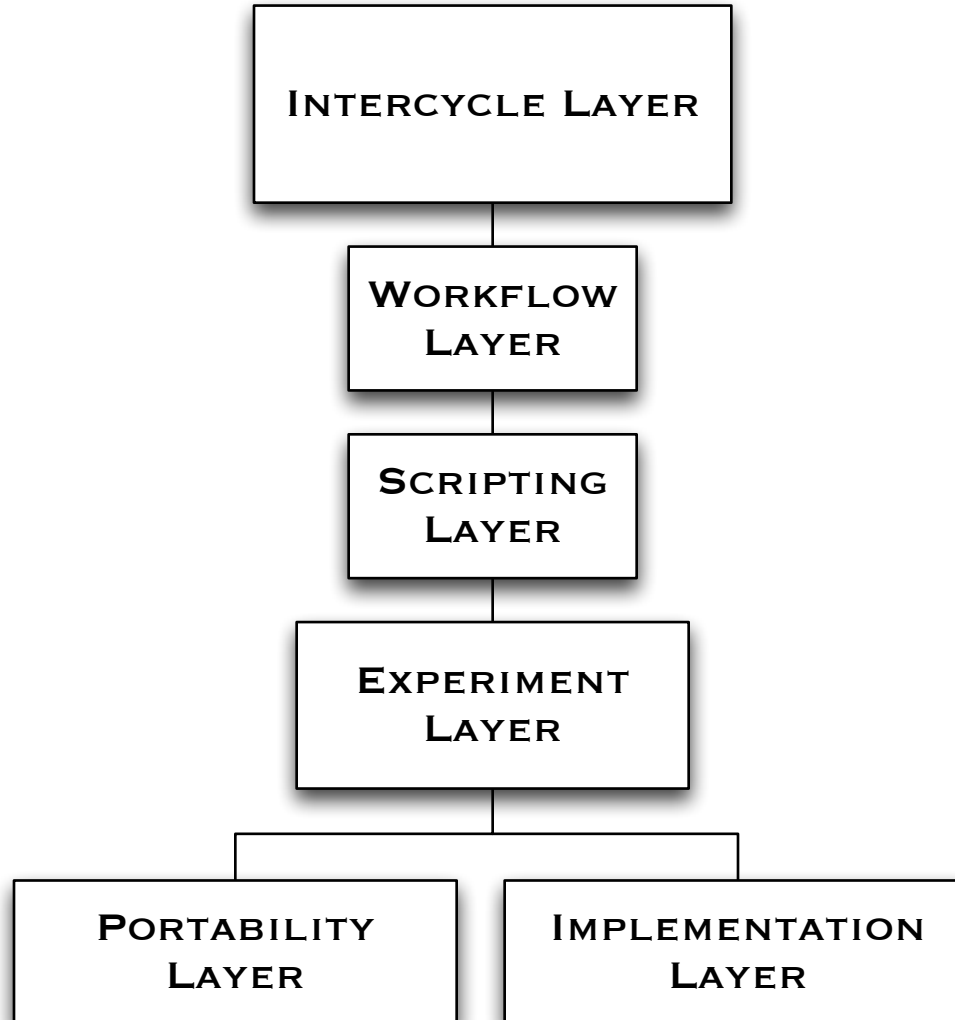
Adapted from the HWRF scripting system  
documentation available with each checkout and  
online at

[http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/HWRF/scripts/  
index.html](http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/HWRF/scripts/index.html)

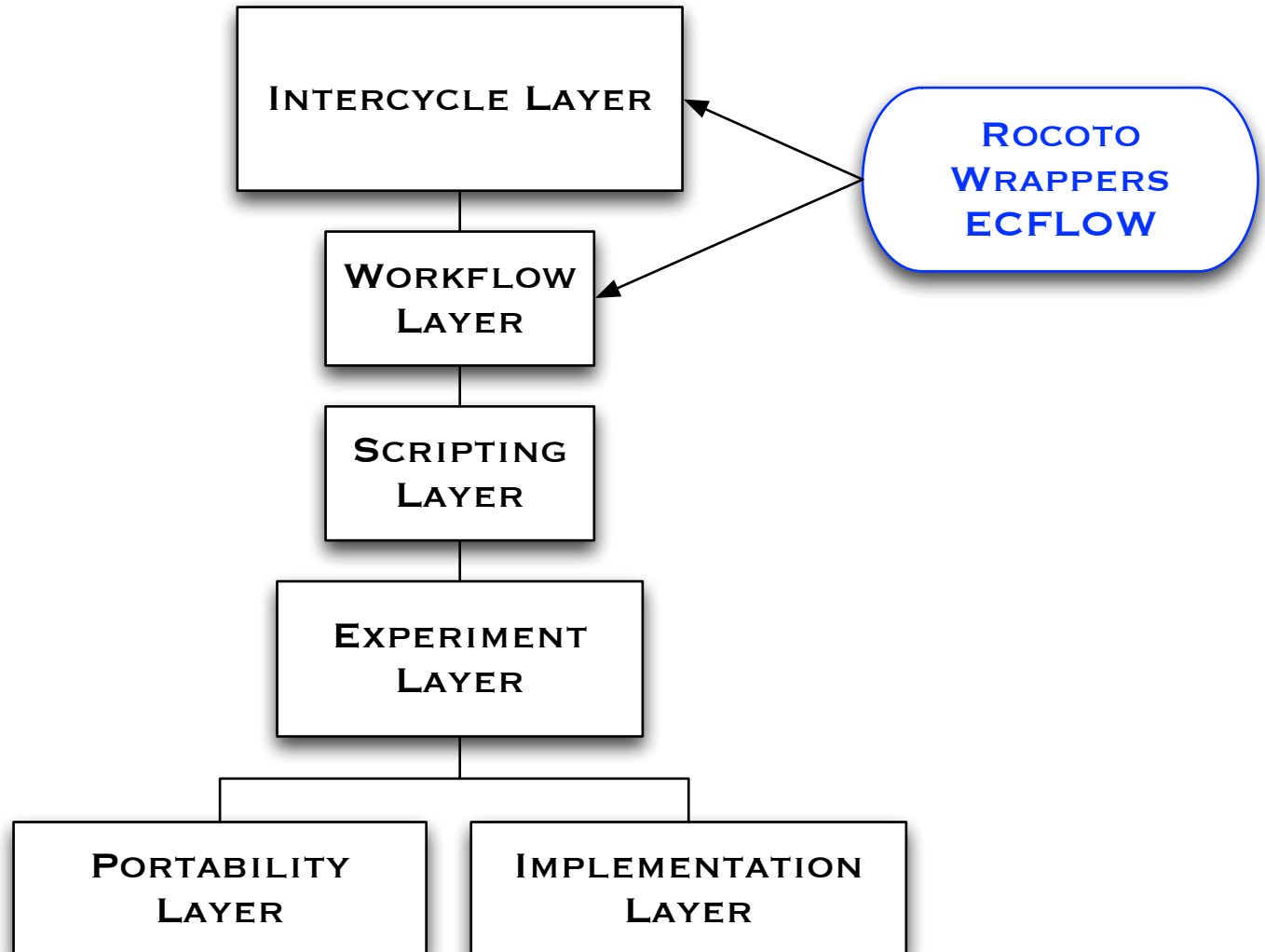
# Motivation

- Wasted manpower in parallel script maintenance
- Difficulty in porting to new batch systems, workflow management systems, and operating systems, and running new configurations
- PyHWRF made it possible to unify the scripts among many organizations, minimizing the work needed to modify it

# HWRF System Overview



# HWRF System Overview



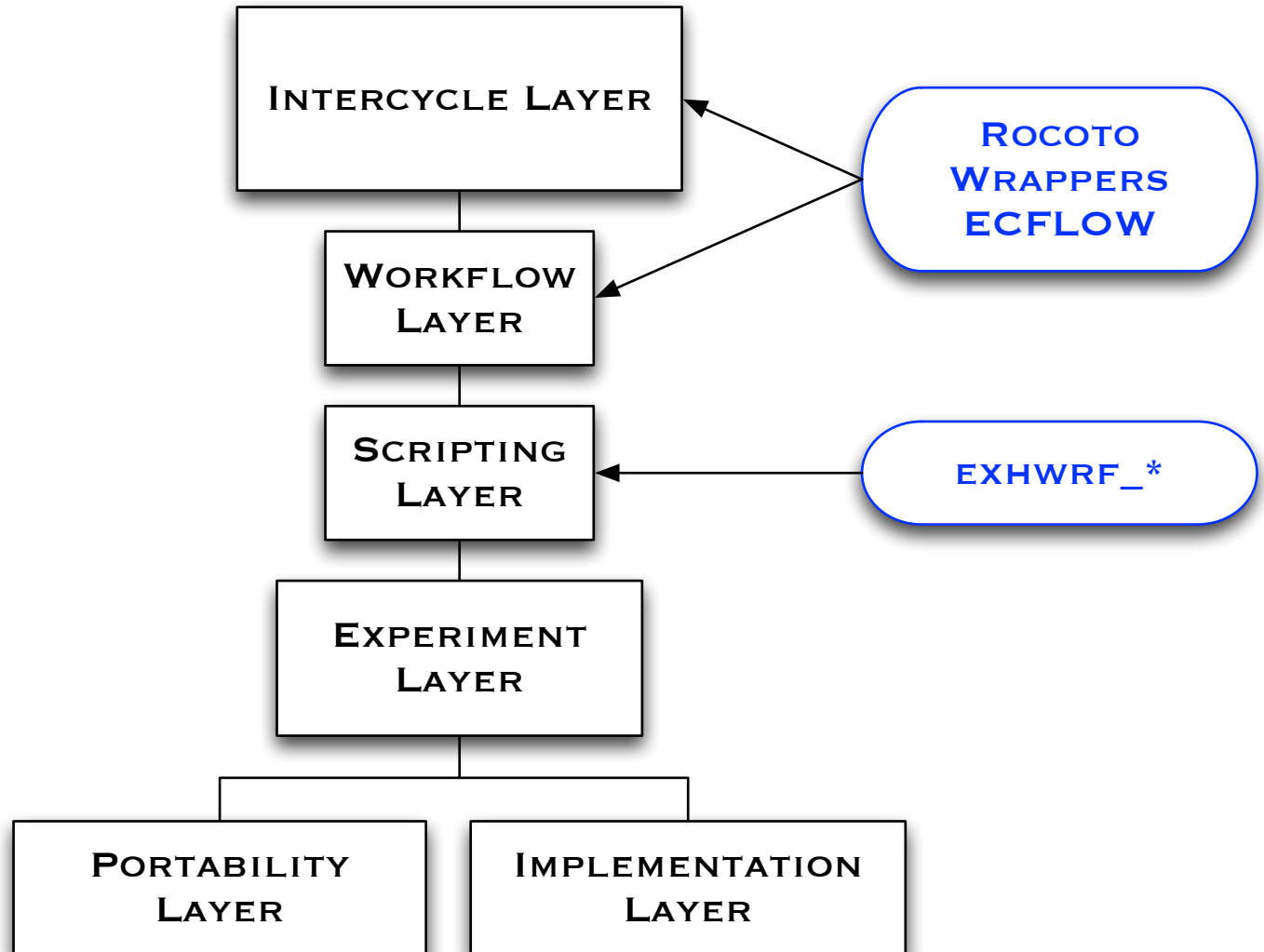
# Intercycle Layer

- Handles interactions between several cycles
  - Complex dependencies
  - Files passed between them
  - Archiving
  - Scrubbing
- Rocoto automation takes care of these items
- Not needed for a case study
- Critical for a large retrospective study, and for real-time automation

# Workflow Layer

- Splits work into multiple batch jobs
- Handles dependencies, submission, failures, and resubmission of jobs

# HWRF System Overview



# Scripting Layer

- Loads programs and libraries into computing environment
- Ensures connection to filesystem on compute node
- Pass file and executable locations to the next lower layer
- Layer is optional – can be done manually by user
- Standard template
  - Initialize `produtil.setup` and `hwrf_expt` Python modules
  - Log a message to `jlog` saying that the script is starting
  - Import 1+ `hwrf.hwrf_task.HWRFTask` objects and call `run()` methods
  - Log a message to `jlog` of success/failure

# Exercise

---

Open `exhwrf_init.py`

Discuss complexity of a script



# Scripts Overview

- Launcher
- Data Pulling/ Pushing
- Initialization
- Forecasting & Post-processing
- Data Assimilation Ensemble

# Launcher

- Creates the directory structure
- Creates database files and other critical initial files needed by the HWRF system
- Run sanity checks to see if the system will be able to run the requested configuration

# Data Pulling/Pushing

- **exhwrf\_input** — pulls data for input to HWRF
- **exhwrf\_bufrprep** — turns data tanks into bufr files for GSIs consumption
- **exhwrf\_para\_archive** — pushes data to tape after HWRF has finished
- **exhwrf\_wrfout\_archive** — special extra archiving job for native wrfout files
  - Compresses wrfout's before archiving

# Initialization

- **exhwrf\_ocean\_init** — generates ocean initial and boundary conditions.
- **exhwrf\_init** — spectral processing, interpolation and creation of wrfanl, ghost, wrfinput, wrfbdy and other input files
- **exhwrf\_relocate** — takes input from the exhwrf\_init job, and relocates the vortex, resizing it and changing its intensity if needed
- **exhwrf\_gsi** — runs the GSI data assimilation system on the relocated vortex
- **exhwrf\_merge** — merges the relocated vortex and GSI output to create the final input to WRF

# Forecast/Post-processing

- **exhwrf\_gsi\_post** — post-processes the inputs and outputs of GSI to create lat-lon GRIB2 files suitable for study.
  - This is for examining the effect of data assimilation on the input conditions to the forecast.
- **exhwrf\_forecast** — runs the full-length forecast, either with or without ocean coupling.
  - Takes inputs from the exhwrf\_ocean\_init, exhwrf\_init, exhwrf\_relocate and exhwrf\_merge jobs.
- **exhwrf\_unpost** — deletes the output of the exhwrf\_post, exhwrf\_products and some of exhwrf\_output, allowing the post-processing to be redone.
- **exhwrf\_post** — runs the Unified Post Processor on the output of the exhwrf\_forecast to create native grid GRIB files.
- **exhwrf\_products** — runs GRIB regridding utilities on the output of the exhwrf\_post to create lat-lon GRIB2 output files suitable for use by forecasters.
  - Runs the GFDL vortex tracker to create a hurricane track file
- **exhwrf\_output** — delivers the output of the exhwrf\_products and exhwrf\_forecast to their destination

# Data Assimilation Ensemble

- Set of scripts that handle the 6 hour HWRF ensemble forecast based on the GFS EnKF
- Output of the ensemble is used by GSI in the next cycle for the computation of the forecast error covariance

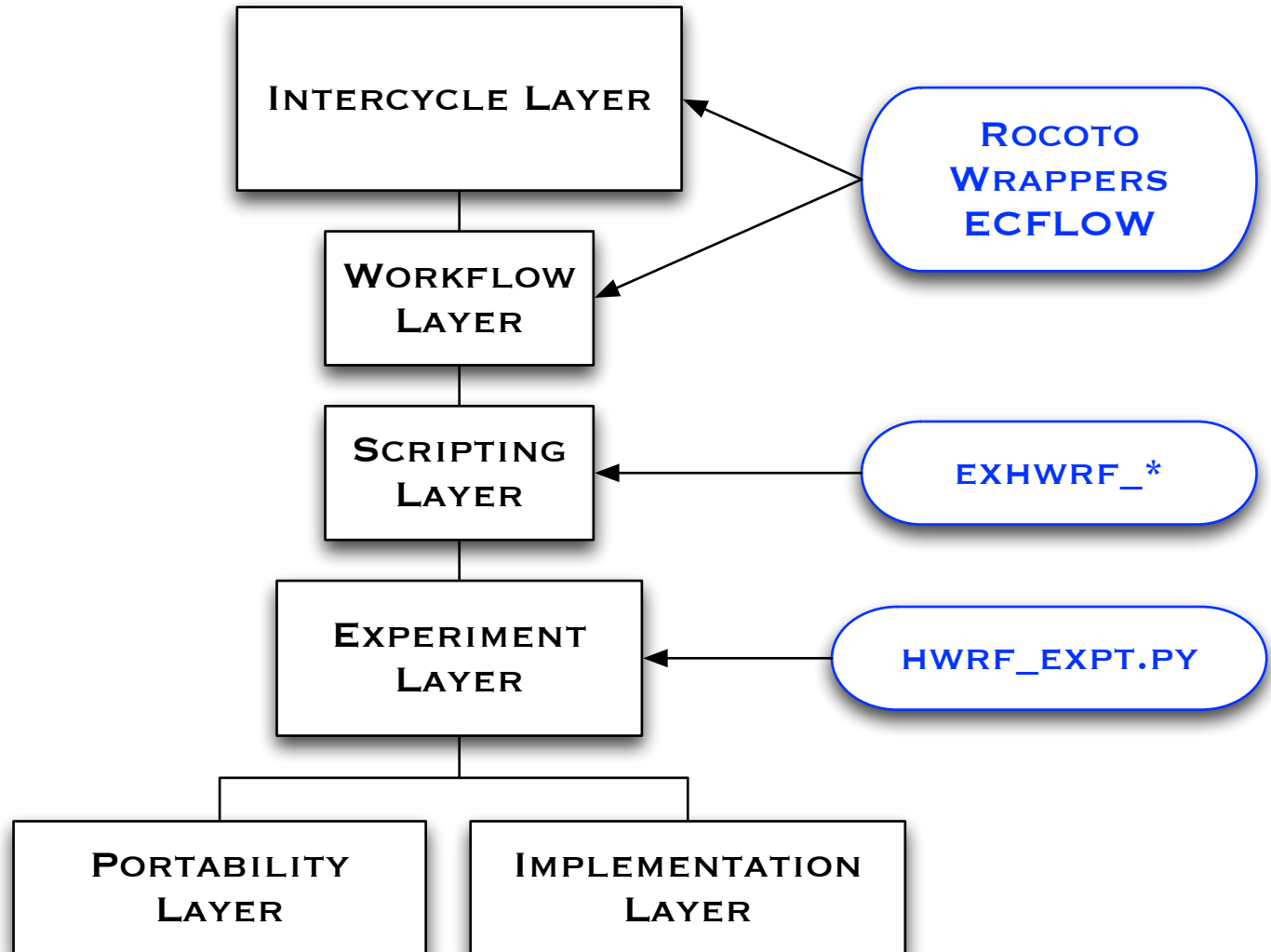
**exhwrf\_ensda\_pre** — determines if the ensemble should be run

**exhwrf\_ensda** — runs one member of the forecast ensemble

(hwrf.ensda)

**exhwrf\_ensda\_output** — checks to see if the exhwrf\_ensda scripts all completed

# HWRF System Overview



# Experiment Layer

- Describes the HWRF workflow
- Creates the object structure that connects all the pieces
  - i.e. GSI should use input from the GDAS relocation output
  - Each object has a run() function to perform the actual task
- Instantiates the hwrf\_expt module



# hwrf\_expt module

- Functions
  - prelaunch
    - makes per-cycle modifications to configuration file, storm1.conf
  - sanity\_check
    - runs a sanity check on the modules content
    - to be called after init\_module
  - inputiter
    - iterates over all inputs required by a particular configuration
  - init\_module
    - initializes the HWRF object structure

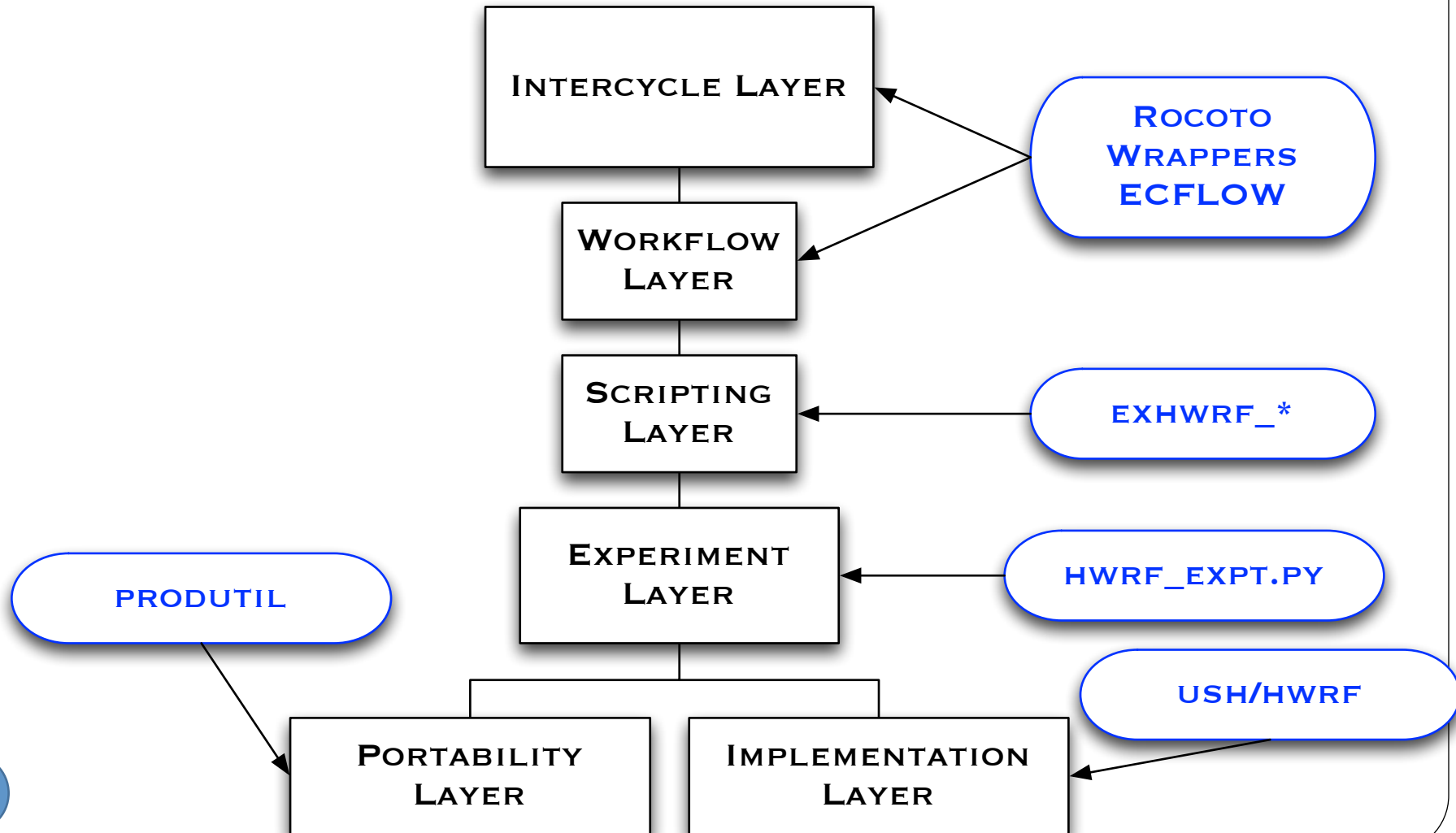
# Exercise

---

Open `hwrf_expt.py`

Overview the `init_module`

# HWRF System Overview



# Implementation Layer

- A set of Python classes and functions used by the Experiment layer to run HWRF
- Each component has its own class and set of functions
- Some classes perform utilities to support the system, such as predicting filenames and performing time/date arithmetic
- Two packages
  - pom – Princeton Ocean Model initialization
  - hwrf – Implementation of most of the HWRF system

# hwrf Python High-Level Packages

- Mostly HWRFTask subclasses
- Scripts (or batch jobs) call the run() functions of these subclasses
- Later tasks obtain input data by calling the products() iterator of earlier tasks

**hwrf.launcher** creates the initial HWRF working directories and important files such as the database, configuration, holdvars, and storm information

**hwrf.input** obtains input data from disk, FTP, SSH or tape to meet the input data requirements given by each tasks' inputiter() iterator.

**hwrf.wps** runs the WRF Pre-Processing System (WPS) on parent model data to produce inputs to the real\_nmm and wrf programs.

**hwrf.prep** runs the prep\_hybrid program on parent model spectral data to produce inputs to the real\_nmm

**hwrf.relocate** relocates, resizes and modifies the intensity of the tropical cyclone vortex.

# hwrf Python High-Level Packages

<b>hwrf.bufrprep</b>	converts data dumps to bufr files for <b>input to GSI</b>
<b>hwrf.gsi</b>	<b>runs the GSI</b> data assimilation system
<b>hwrf.fcsttask</b>	runs the atmosphere-only <b>WRF and real_nmm</b> (short simulations for generating wrfanl files, six hour analysis cycle simulations & 126hr fcst job)
<b>hwrf.mpipomtc</b>	interfaces with the pom package to run the <b>POM ocean model initialization</b> and run the <b>POM-coupled WRF forecast</b>
<b>hwrf.post</b>	runs the HWRF post to <b>convert model output to GRIB files</b>
<b>hwrf.gsipost</b>	a wrapper around hwrf.post that <b>handles inputs and outputs to GSI</b> , assisting in GSI diagnostics.
<b>hwrf.gribtask</b>	runs copygb, wgrib, grbindex and similar programs to <b>manipulate GRIB files</b> and copy them to their final destination
<b>hwrf.copywrf</b>	copies WRF input and output <b>data to some destination</b>
<b>hwrf.nhc_products</b>	<b>NHC-specific product</b> creation and delivery
<b>hwrf.tracker</b>	runs the GFDL <b>vortex tracker</b>
<b>hwrf.ensda</b>	data assimilation <b>ensemble</b>
<b>hwrf.rocoto</b>	utilities to interface between HWRF and the <b>Rocoto workflow automation</b> system

# hwrf Packages that Describe HWRF

- Describe the workflow and how it's to be executed
- Allow for complex querying and modification of the work before the work is actually started
- Provides details on the inputs and outputs to all other tasks in the workflow

# hwrf Packages that Describe HWRF

<b>hwrf.wrf, hwrf.wrfbase</b>	describe a <b>WRF simulation</b> , generates the WRF namelist from the HWRF configuration files, predicts input and output filenames based on namelist settings
<b>hwrf.regrib</b>	describes <b>regribbing operations</b> and has most of the implementation of those operations. This is used by hwrf.gribtask to do the actual regribbing.
<b>hwrf.ensda</b>	contains classes to describe a two-dimensional ensemble-vs-time array of tasks that represent the <b>steps of an ENKF or hybrid ENKF</b> data assimilation system. Also has wrappers around many of the high-level modules to create the GFS ENKF-based HWRF DA ensemble, hwrf.ensda.FromGFSENKF.
<b>hwrf.hwrfssystem</b>	a wrapper around many of the high-level modules that simplifies the definition of the <b>HWRF post-processing and data delivery</b>
<b>hwrf.init</b>	a wrapper around many of the high-level modules that combines objects in complex ways to create the <b>HWRF initialization system</b> .



# Low-level Logic Modules

**hwrp.config, hwrp.hwrftask** allows for **configuration of the HWRF system using UNIX Conf files**. Implements some functionality common to all, or nearly all, HWRF tasks. This includes product listing, directory and executable specification, scrubbing settings, input data requirements and others.

**hwrp.exceptions** exception classes thrown by the HWRF module. All exceptions defined in the hwrp package that can leave an hwrp module are defined here to avoid cyclic dependencies in the import statements. This allows one to just do "from hwrp.exceptions import \*" to get all **HWRF-specific exceptions**.

**hwrp.constants** **constant values** used in the HWRF system

**hwrp.numerics** **time and date manipulation** and other numerical routines used throughout the HWRF system.

**hwrp.prelaunch** utilities for changing the HWRF configuration before the hwrp.launcher completes. (**per-cycle configuration changes**)

**hwrp.storminfo** parsing of ATCF, message and tcvitals files, which **specify storm information**.

**hwrp.revital** complex **manipulations of tcvitals data**

# Portability Layer

- Implements cross-platform methods of performing common tasks
  - MPI implementation
  - OpenMP
  - Serial programs
  - File operations
  - Batch system interaction
  - Manipulate resource limitations
  - Interact with database file