

2013 GSI Community Tutorial  
August 05-07, 2013, NCWCP, MD

# GSI Fundamentals (3): Diagnostics

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Developmental Testbed Center



Developmental Testbed Center

# Outlines

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- GSI fundamentals (1): Setup and Compilation
- GSI fundamentals (2): Run and Namelist
- GSI fundamentals (3): Diagnostics
  - Standard output
  - Observation fitting statistics and diagnosis files
  - Convergence information
  - Analysis increment
- GSI fundamentals (4): Applications

This talk is tailored based on Chapter 4 of the GSI User's Guide for Community Release V3.2

# Standard Output (stdout)

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Details in User's Guide Section 4.1

Highlight several important points

# stdout: Check Background Input

P\_TOP, ZNU, ZNW, RDX, RDY, MAPFAC\_M, XLAT, XLONG,  
MUB, MU, PHB

```
0:  rmse_var=T
0:  ordering=XYZ
0:  WrfType,WRF_REAL= 104 104
0:  ndim1= 3
0:  staggering= N/A
0:  start_index= 1 1 1 0
0:  end_index= 348 247 50 0
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 1 310.8738 234.0430 280.8286
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 2 311.2928 235.4056 280.9952
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 3 311.4995 237.6656 281.3005
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 48 702.1189 616.5657 651.2628
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 49 770.3488 684.2148 718.2207
0:  k,max,min,mid T= 50 837.6133 760.6921 792.9601
```

Variable name in netcdf file

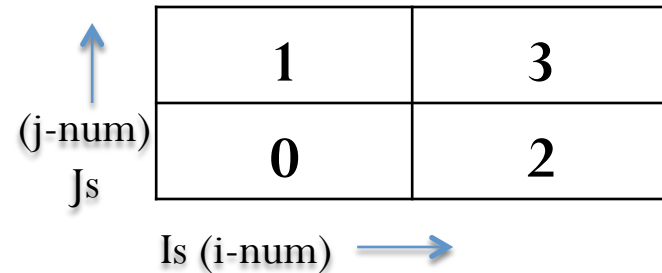
K	Maximum	Minimum	Central grid
---	---------	---------	--------------

QVAPOR, U, V, LANDMASK, SEAICE, SST,IVGTYP, ISLTYP,  
VEGFRA, SNOW, U10, V10, SMOIS, TSLB, TSK

# stdout: Check domain and convinfo

## Domain partition information:

	Task ID	Js	Is	j-num	i-num
general_DETER_SUBDOMAIN: task,istart,jstart,ilat1,jlon1=	0	1	1	124	174
general_DETER_SUBDOMAIN: task,istart,jstart,ilat1,jlon1=	1	125	1	123	174
general_DETER_SUBDOMAIN: task,istart,jstart,ilat1,jlon1=	2	1	175	124	174
general_DETER_SUBDOMAIN: task,istart,jstart,ilat1,jlon1=	3	125	175	123	174



## convinfo

	Obs type	usage										
READ_CONVINFO:	tcp 112	0 1	3.00000	0	0	0	75.0000	5.00000	1.00000	75.0000	0.00000	0
READ_CONVINFO:	ps 120	0 1	3.00000	0	0	0	4.00000	3.00000	1.00000	4.00000	0.30E-03	0
READ_CONVINFO:	ps 180	0 1	3.00000	0	0	0	4.00000	3.00000	1.00000	4.00000	0.30E-03	0
READ_CONVINFO:	t 120	0 1	3.00000	0	0	0	8.00000	5.60000	1.30000	8.00000	0.10E-05	0
READ_CONVINFO:	gps 440	0 -1	3.00000	0	0	0	10.0000	10.0000	1.00000	10.0000	0.00000	0

# stdout: Check Observations Input

```
read_obs_check: bufr file date is 2011032212 prepbufr ps
read_obs_check: bufr file uv          not available satwnd
read_obs_check: bufr file rw          not available radarbufr
read_obs_check: bufr file pcp_tmi    trmm          not available tmirrbufr
read_obs_check: bufr file date is    2011032212 prepbufr t
read_obs_check: bufr file date is    2011032212 prepbufr q
```

.....

```
data type hirs2_n14          not used in info file -- do not read file
hirs2bufr
data type hirs3_n16          not used in info file -- do not read file
hirs3bufr
```

```
READ_BUFRTOVS: file=hirs4bufr  type=hirs4          sis=hirs4_metop-a          nread=
189563 ithin= 1 rmesh=120.000000 isfcalc= 1 ndata=          21736 ntask= 2
READ_BUFRTOVS: file=hirs3bufr  type=hirs3          sis=hirs3_n17              nread=
202426 ithin= 1 rmesh=120.000000 isfcalc= 1 ndata=          23636 ntask= 2
READ_PREPBUFR: file=prepbufr   type=uv          sis=uv                      nread=
91930 ithin= 0 rmesh=120.000000 isfcalc= 0 ndata=          72392 ntask= 1
READ_BUFRTOVS: file=amsuabufr  type=amsua      sis=amsua_n18              nread=
63825 ithin= 2 rmesh= 60.000000 isfcalc= 1 ndata=          52309 ntask= 1
```

# stdout: Check Observations Input

## Observation distribution in an analysis using 4 processors

OBS_PARA: ps		2607	2878	9565	3019
OBS_PARA: t		5172	4743	13902	5590
OBS_PARA: q		4107	4197	11998	4090
OBS_PARA: pw		296	92	475	83
OBS_PARA: uv		6640	5439	18365	6147
OBS_PARA: sst		0	0	6	3
OBS_PARA: gps_ref		3538	5580	2277	6768
OBS_PARA: hirs3	n17	0	0	478	773
OBS_PARA: hirs4	metop-a	0	0	416	731
OBS_PARA: amsua	n15	2563	1323	1048	1669
OBS_PARA: amsua	n18	1002	2119	0	390
OBS_PARA: amsua	metop-a	0	0	1268	2279
OBS_PARA: amsub	n17	0	0	1716	2891
OBS_PARA: mhs	n18	1446	2932	0	809
OBS_PARA: mhs	metop-a	0	0	1600	2839
OBS_PARA: hirs4	n19	244	1093	0	236
OBS_PARA: amsua	n19	651	3486	0	469
OBS_PARA: mhs	n19	936	4272	0	848

1	3
0	2

Task 0 1 2 3

# stdout: observation innovation

```
SETUPALL:,obstype,isis,nreal,nchanl=ps          ps          22
      0
SETUPALL:,obstype,isis,nreal,nchanl=t          t          24
      0
      .....

SETUPALL:,obstype,isis,nreal,nchanl=gps_ref  gps          16
      0
SETUPALL:,obstype,isis,nreal,nchanl=amsua   amsua_n15  33
      15

INIT_CRTM: crtm_init() on path "./"
Read_SpcCoeff_Binary(INFORMATION) : FILE: ./amsua_n15.SpcCoeff.bin; ^M
SpcCoeff RELEASE.VERSION: 7.03 N_CHANNELS=15^M
amsua_n15 AntCorr RELEASE.VERSION: 1.04 N_FOVS=30 N_CHANNELS=15
Read_ODPS_Binary(INFORMATION) : FILE: ./amsua_n15.TauCoeff.bin; ^M
ODPS RELEASE.VERSION: 2.01 N_LAYERS=100 N_COMPONENTS=2 N_ABSORBERS=1
N_CHANNELS=15 N_COEFFS=21600
Read_EmisCoeff_Binary(INFORMATION) : FILE: ./EmisCoeff.bin; ^M
EmisCoeff RELEASE.VERSION: 2.02 N_ANGLES= 16 N_FREQUENCIES= 2223
N_WIND_SPEEDS= 11
SETUPRAD: write header record for amsua_n15          5
30
      8          0          0          15          0          13784
to file pe0000.amsua_n15_01 2011032212
```





# stdout: Check outer loop and inner iteration

## 1<sup>st</sup> outer loop

## Inner iteration

```
GLBSOI: START pcgsoi jiter= 1
Initial cost function = 1.946084290880794579E+05
Initial gradient norm = 5.576089529423489694E+03
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 1 0 1.946084290880794579E+05 5.576089529423489694E+03 9.446046100069309653E-04
0.000000000000000000E+00 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 1 1 1.652380510140116094E+05 5.918533543369932886E+03 5.770901706622101049E-04
1.126597414824659582E+00 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 1 2 1.450231367439358146E+05 2.250104752168165305E+03 1.248362877688804704E-03
1.445364045468512382E-01 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 1 3 1.387027112027065014E+05 3.053100435499959531E+03 1.047494021606896770E-03
1.841097162253764630E+00 good
```

## 2<sup>nd</sup> outer loop

## Inner iteration

```
GLBSOI: START pcgsoi jiter= 2
Initial cost function = 1.415039414838706725E+05
Initial gradient norm = 3.380943386335680316E+03
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 2 0 1.415039414838706725E+05 3.380943386335680316E+03 1.489035006995881186E-03
0.000000000000000000E+00 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 2 1 1.244831126142531430E+05 2.748895456590210870E+03 4.496514460165658249E-04
6.610596506387631521E-01 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 2 2 1.210853546326485375E+05 1.624514629971304885E+03 1.669025207983985048E-03
3.492454901594346239E-01 good
cost,grad,step,b,step? = 2 3 1.166807173577626236E+05 1.826733003801378345E+03 6.055466310511921964E-04
1.264453599015726848E+00 good
```

# stdout: check Jo components

## Before 1<sup>st</sup> outer loop

Observation Type	Nobs	Jo	Jo/n
surface pressure	15600	1.1832900994269770E+04	0.759
temperature	11913	1.9028504337386752E+04	1.597
wind	36726	4.0133809857345797E+04	1.093
moisture	4416	4.6817824733959324E+03	1.060
gps	8709	1.8551360623628108E+04	2.130
radiance	114977	1.0038007080205309E+05	0.873
	Nobs	Jo	Jo/n
Jo Global	192341	1.9460842908807946E+05	1.012

## After 1<sup>st</sup> outer loop

surface pressure	15617	6.9931034829496348E+03	0.448
temperature	11913	1.2304487849735804E+04	1.033
wind	36800	2.7098051897512487E+04	0.736
moisture	4416	2.9381913471101529E+03	0.665
gps	8811	1.0898349569787561E+04	1.237
radiance	157545	7.8484444589549588E+04	0.498
	Nobs	Jo	Jo/n
Jo Global	235102	1.3871662873664522E+05	0.590

## After 2<sup>nd</sup> outer loop

surface pressure	15619	6.3786866162558572E+03	0.408
temperature	11913	1.1099886560557266E+04	0.932
wind	36798	2.4257649951877418E+04	0.659
moisture	4416	2.5071927158240760E+03	0.568
gps	8860	9.6425658325086042E+03	1.088
radiance	172626	6.0208464023162502E+04	0.349
	Nobs	Jo	Jo/n
Jo Global	250232	1.1409444570018572E+05	0.456



# stdout: Check Analysis Result Output

```
ordering=XY
WrfType,WRF_REAL= 104 104
ndim1= 2
staggering= N/A
start_index= 1 1 1 0
end_index1= 348 247 50 0
```

k,max,min,mid T=	1	311.0948	234.0167	280.5982
k,max,min,mid T=	2	311.5334	235.6663	280.7569
. . . . .				
k,max,min,mid T=	49	762.8171	679.6612	706.3553
k,max,min,mid T=	50	828.8514	754.9369	777.9498
<b>rmse_var=T</b>	<b>K</b>	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Central grid</b>

QVAPOR, U, V, SEAICE, SST, TSK



Variable name in netcdf file

# Stdout: Final normal exit information

---

```
ENDING DATE-TIME      JUN 20,2013  23:20:16.431  171  THU   2456464
PROGRAM GSI_ANL HAS ENDED.  IBM RS/6000 SP
. * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * .
```

```
0: *****RESOURCE STATISTICS*****
```

```
0:
```

```
0: The total amount of wall time          = 551.066561
```

```
0:
```

```
( ... ... )
```

```
0: *****END OF RESOURCE STATISTICS*****
```

Computer system other than IBM may not have “RESORCE STATISTICS” section

# Observation Fitting Statistics and Diagnostic Files

---

Details in User's Guide Section 4.5 and A.2

# Why need to check fitting statistics

---

- Data Analysis: adjust background fields based on observation data so that analysis fields fit the observation better.
- GSI has a series of **text files** to provide statistic information on how background or analysis fields fit to the observations in each outer loop (fort.2\*)
- GSI also has a series of **binary files** to save diagnostic information for each observation (diag\*)

# Statistic fitting files: table 4.4

File name	Variables in file	Ranges/units
<i>fort.201 or fit_p1.analysis_time</i>	fit of surface pressure data	mb
<i>fort.202 or fit_w1.analysis_time</i>	fit of wind data	m/s
<i>fort.203 or fit_t1.analysis_time</i>	fit of temperature data	K
<i>fort.204 or fit_q1.analysis_time</i>	fit of q data	percent of guess $Q_{saturation}$
<i>fort.205</i>	fit of precipitation water data	mm
<i>fort.206</i>	fit of ozone observations from sbuv6_n14 (, _n16, _n17, _n18), sbuv8_n16 (, _n17, _n18, _n19), omi_aura, gome_metop-a/b, mls_aura	

File names are from fort.201 to fort.215 (or fit\_ *variable.analysis\_time*)  
Each file is for one observation variable

# Statistic fitting files (Continue)

File name	Variables in file	Ranges/units
<i>fort.207</i> or <i>fit_rad1.analysis_time</i>	fit of satellite radiance data, such as: amsua_n15(, n16, n17, n18, metop-a, aqua, n19), amsub_n17, hirs3_n17, hirs4_n19 (, metop-a), mhs_n18(, metop-a, n19), atms_npp, cris_npp, iasi616_metop-a, airs281SUBSET_aqua, avhrr3_n18(, n19, metop-b), amsre_aqua, ssmi_f15, ssmis_f16(, f17,f18,f19,f20), sndrD?_g11(, g12, g13, g14, g15), imgr_g11(, g12, g13, g14, g15), seviri_m08(,m09 m10)	Satellite radiance
<i>fort.208</i>	fit of pcp_ssmi, pcp_tmi	
<i>fort.209</i>	fit of radar radial wind (rw)	Radar radial wind
<i>fort.210</i>	fit of lidar wind (dw)	
<i>fort.211</i>	fit of super wind data (srw)	
<i>fort.212</i>	fit of GPS data	GPS fractional difference
<i>fort.213</i>	fit of conventional sst data	C
<i>fort.214</i>	Tropical cyclone central pressure	
<i>fort.215</i>	Lagrangian data	



# Example: fit\_p1.2011032212 (fort.201)

current fit of surface pressure data, ranges in mb

-----  
pressure levels (hPa)= 0.0 2000.0

it	obs	type	stype	count	bias	rms	cpen	qcpn
o-g 01	ps	120	0000	141	0.2326	1.0637	1.6900	1.6613
o-g 01	ps	180	0000	2210	0.2623	1.1016	1.4846	1.2854
o-g 01	ps	181	0000	725	0.1493	1.2380	2.0757	1.8844
o-g 01	ps	187	0000	12524	0.5000	1.0227	0.5437	0.5061
<b>o-g 01</b>		<b>all</b>		<b>15600</b>	<b>0.4476</b>	<b>1.0455</b>	0.7585	0.6910

O-B

current fit of surface pressure data, ranges in mb

-----  
pressure levels (hPa)= 0.0 2000.0

it	obs	type	stype	count	bias	rms	cpen	qcpn
o-g 03	ps	120	0000	141	-0.1201	0.7662	0.8333	0.8317
o-g 03	ps	180	0000	2213	-0.0232	0.8324	0.7786	0.7038
o-g 03	ps	181	0000	733	-0.0313	1.0366	1.2592	1.1803
o-g 03	ps	187	0000	12533	0.0266	0.6664	0.2326	0.2269
<b>o-g 03</b>		<b>all</b>		<b>15620</b>	<b>0.0155</b>	<b>0.7143</b>	0.3636	0.3446

O-A

Results from test case using 2 outer loops with 10 inner iterations in each outer loop



# Example: fit\_w1.2011032212 (fort.202)

## Data Used in Analysis

it	obs	type	styp	ptop pbot	1000.0 1200.0	900.0 1000.0	800.0 900.0	600.0 800.0	100.0 150.0	50.0 100.0	0.0 2000.0
o-g 01	uv	220	0000	count	135	428	427	838	688	978	8061
o-g 01	uv	220	0000	bias	-0.43	0.93	0.85	0.61	0.31	0.23	0.64
o-g 01	uv	220	0000	rms	3.62	3.68	4.21	4.13	5.61	5.33	4.84
o-g 01	uv	220	0000	cpen	0.69	0.92	1.21	1.30	1.74	1.53	1.39
o-g 01	uv	220	0000	qcpen	0.69	0.92	1.21	1.30	1.72	1.52	1.38
o-g 01		all		count	1962	1400	1488	2688	1014	1071	18363
o-g 01		all		bias	-0.31	0.92	0.56	0.00	0.21	0.29	0.27
o-g 01		all		rms	3.02	3.88	4.68	4.65	5.59	5.36	4.74
o-g 01		all		cpen	0.45	0.53	0.85	0.94	1.62	1.49	1.09

## Rejected

o-g 01	uv	rej	220	0000	count	0	0	0	0	0	292
o-g 01	uv	rej	220	0000	bias	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.81
o-g 01	uv	rej	220	0000	rms	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.69
o-g 01	uv	rej	220	0000	cpen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
o-g 01	uv	rej	220	0000	qcpen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
o-g 01		rej	all		count	80	24	8	19	2	489
o-g 01		rej	all		bias	5.40	2.74	2.94	6.31	24.83	28.94
o-g 01		rej	all		rms	12.45	10.82	23.91	44.74	61.69	59.27
o-g 01		rej	all		cpen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## Monitoring

o-g 01	uv	mon	220	0000	count	3	2	5	3	11	40	145
o-g 01	uv	mon	220	0000	bias	-1.55	-2.31	7.31	0.04	-3.49	2.02	1.74
o-g 01	uv	mon	220	0000	rms	3.92	3.68	15.18	2.94	10.65	8.67	8.93
o-g 01	uv	mon	220	0000	cpen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
o-g 01	uv	mon	220	0000	qcpen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
o-g 01		mon	all		count	4648	9606	1653	958	51	63	17344
o-g 01		mon	all		bias	-0.78	-0.25	0.18	-4.74	-0.64	0.15	-0.77
o-g 01		mon	all		rms	2.87	3.22	5.93	11.09	19.81	12.48	5.04
o-g 01		mon	all		cpen	1.16	1.27	0.87	0.68	0.00	0.00	1.14

# Example: fit\_rad1.2011032212 (fort.207)

```

RADINFO_READ:  jpch_rad= 2680
1 amsua_n15  chan= 1 var= 3.000 varch_cld= 9.100 use= 1 ermax= 4.500 b_rad= 10.00 pg_rad= 0.00 icld_det= 1
2 amsua_n15  chan= 2 var= 2.000 varch_cld= 13.500 use= 1 ermax= 4.500 b_rad= 10.00 pg_rad= 0.00 icld_det= 1
3 amsua_n15  chan= 3 var= 2.000 varch_cld= 7.100 use= 1 ermax= 4.500 b_rad= 10.00 pg_rad= 0.00 icld_det= 1
. . . . .
RADINFO_READ:  guess air mass bias correction coefficients below
1          amsua_n15  -61.293985  -8.222002  55.207233  -59.849819  323.077772
2          amsua_n15 -116.098935  -2.336239  124.728090   5.170702  436.024189
. . . . .
    
```

it	satellite	instrument	# read	# keep	# assim	penalty	qcpnlty	cpen	qccpen
o-g 01	rad	n17	hirs3	202426	23636	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-g 01	rad	n18	hirs4	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-g 01	rad	metop-a	hirs4	189563	21736	4124	3954.6	3954.6	0.95892
o-g 01	rad	g11	sndr	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

O-B

it	satellite	instrument	# read	# keep	# assim	penalty	qcpnlty	cpen	qccpen
o-g 03	rad	n17	amsua	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-g 03	rad	n18	amsua	63825	52309	31731	7162.7	7162.7	0.22573
o-g 03	rad	metop-a	amsua	67800	49515	32366	14665.	14665.	0.45311
o-g 03	rad	aqua	amsua	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

O-A

Results from test case using 2 outer loops with 10 inner iterations in each outer loop

# Diagnostic files (User's Guide A.2)

- Files include observation departure for each obs:

```
diag_amsua_metop-a_anl.2011032212  diag_amsua_n15_anl.2011032212
diag_amsua_metop-a_ges.2011032212  diag_amsua_n15_ges.2011032212
diag_amsub_n17_anl.2011032212      diag_conv_anl.2011032212
Diag_amsub_n17_ges.2011032212      diag_conv_ges.2011032212
```

. . . . .

- To get these files, has to turn write\_diag on:

```
write_diag(1)=.true.,write_diag(2)=.false.,write_diag(3)=.true.,
```

- To read this binary information:

- Code to read these files (util/Analysis\_Uutilities/read\_diag)

- read\_diag\_conv.f90 (diag\_conv\*)
- read\_diag\_rad.f90 (diag\_amsub\_n17\* ...)

- Compile: *./make*

two executables: *read\_diag\_conv.exe read\_diag\_rad.exe*



# Observation departure for each obs

- Run *read\_diag\_conv.exe*: *namelist.conv* needed

```
&iosetup
```

```
infilename='./diag_conv_anl.2011032212',
```

```
outfilename='./results_conv_anl',
```

```
/
```

GSI diagnosis file

Text file to save the content of diagnosis file

## Example content of *results\_conv\_anl*

station	obs	obs	obs	obs	obs	usag	obs	O-B
ID	type	time	latitude	longitude	elev		value	
ps @ 21997 :	180	0.00	42.65	190.98	1013.20	1	1013.2	-0.35
t @ PADK :	187	-0.07	51.88	183.35	993.34	1	276.0	0.33

- Run *read\_diag\_rad.exe*: *namelist.rad* needed

```
&iosetup
```

```
infilename='./diag_amsua_n18_ges.2011032212',
```

```
outfilename='./results_amsua_n15_anl',
```

```
/
```

# Convergence information

---

Details in User's Guide Section 4.6 and A.3

# Find convergence information

- From stdout (see example in stdout of this talk)
- From fort.220
  - Include many details
    - Cost function and gradient
    - Contribution from background and each data type
    - ...
  - DTC provides a ksh script to filter this file
    - util/Analysis\_Uilities/plot\_cost\_grad/filter\_fort220.ksh

```
grep 'cost,grad,step,b' fort.220 | sed -e 's/cost,grad,step,b,step? = //g' | sed -e 's/good//g' >
```

outer loop *cost\_gradient.txt*

```
1 0 1.882839321839552431E+05 5.284623958904349820E+03 1.697988409415417902E-03 0.0000000000000000E+00
```

# Convergence information

- *cost\_gradient.txt*

outer loop

Inner iteration

1	0	0.143023018550584849E+06	0.115641269650927745E+08	0.243989544270778198E-02	0.000000000000000000E+00
1	1	0.114807757869560824E+06	0.187098843447644310E+07	0.763011937910831189E-02	0.161792450059063342E+00
1	2	0.100531892757574562E+06	0.170165204992092540E+07	0.554614957747754343E-02	0.909493623030918297E+00
1	3	0.910942759598918346E+05	0.753744504713076283E+06	0.111976598917916254E-01	0.442948665532476193E+00
		...	...		
2	8	0.720276521927204303E+05	0.109468035525767671E+06	0.574413289558039185E-02	0.860466507061116603E+00
2	9	0.713988532488423079E+05	0.967618081750838755E+05	0.680342752911228341E-02	0.883927510988420262E+00
2	10	0.707405412993372593E+05	0.107314979924136685E+06	0.434178833835923046E-02	0.110906339957968947E+01

Penalty (cost function)

Norm of gradient



# Plot convergence information

- DTC provides a NCL script to make plot
  - util/Analysis\_Uutilities/plot\_cost\_grad/GSI\_cost\_gradient.ncl

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclex/gsun/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/contributed.ncl"

begin

nloop1=50
nloop2=50

step = stringtofloat(systemfunc("cut -c7-9 ./cost_gradient.txt"))
cost = stringtofloat(systemfunc("cut -c10-35 ./cost_gradient.txt"))
gradient = stringtofloat(systemfunc("cut -c36-61 ./cost_gradient.txt"))

titles = new(4,string)
titles(0)="Cost outer 1"
titles(1)="Gradient outer 1"
titles(2)="Cost outer 2"
titles(3)="Gradient outer 2"

plot = new(4,graphic)

xwks = gsn_open_wks("pdf","GSI_cost_gradient")
```

# of iterations in 1<sup>st</sup> outer loop

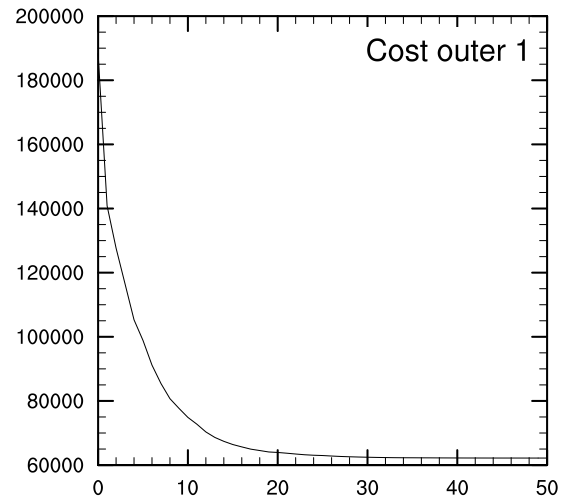
# of iterations in 2<sup>nd</sup> outer loop

figure file name and format

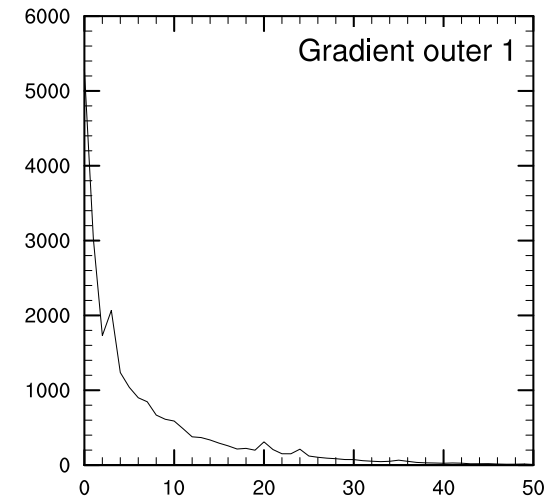
# Check convergence: example figure

1<sup>st</sup> outer loop with 50 inter iteration

Cost function

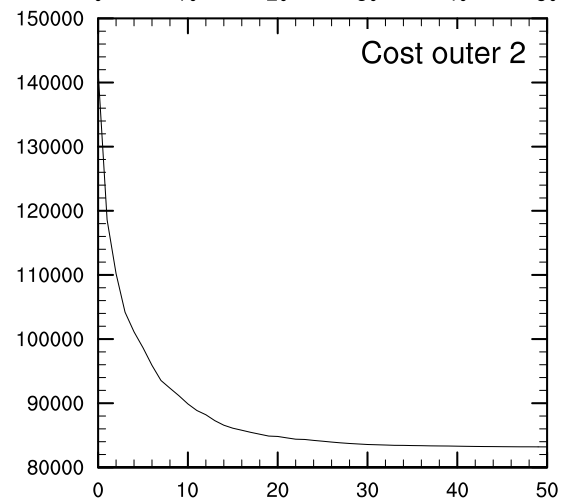


Norm of gradient

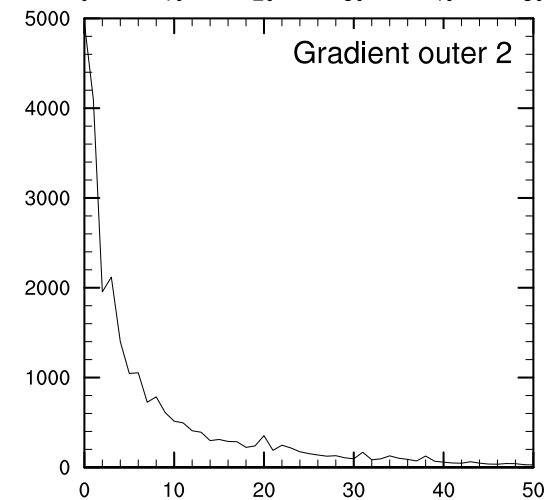


2<sup>nd</sup> outer loop with 50 inter iteration

Iteration step



Iteration step



# Analysis Increment

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Details in User's Guide Section 4.8 and A.4

# Analysis increment: plot for ARW case

*util/Analysis\_Uilities/plots\_ncl/Analysis\_increment.ncl*

*util/Analysis\_Uilities/plots\_ncl/GSI\_singleobs\_arw.ncl*

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclex/gsun/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/contributed

begin

  cdf_analysis = addfile("./gsiprd_2011032212_prepbufr/wrf_inout.cdf","r")
  cdf_bk = addfile("./DTC/NA30km/bk/wrfinput_d01_2011-03-22_12:00:00.cdf","r")

  Ta = cdf_analysis->T(0,::,::)
  Tb = cdf_bk->T(0,::,::)

  DT = Ta - Tb
```

GSI analysis



First guess

Analysis increment  
= GSI analysis – First guess

# Analysis increment: plot for NMM case

*util/Analysis\_Uilities/plots\_ncl/GSI\_singleobs\_nmm.ncl*

*util/Analysis\_Uilities/plots\_ncl/fill\_nmm\_grid2.ncl*

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclex/gsun/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/contributed.ncl"
load "./fill_nmm_grid2.ncl"

begin

cdf_analysis = addfile("./nmm_2007122000/gsiprd/wrf_inout.cdf","r")
cdf_bk = addfile("./nmm_netcdf/2007122000/wrfinput_d01_nmm_netcdf.cdf","r")
Ta = cdf_analysis->T(0,::,::)
Tb = cdf_bk->T(0,::,::)
DT = Ta - Tb
... ..
do k=0, nz-1
    fill_nmm_grid2(DT(k,::,::),nx,ny,f3d(k,::,::).1)
end do
```

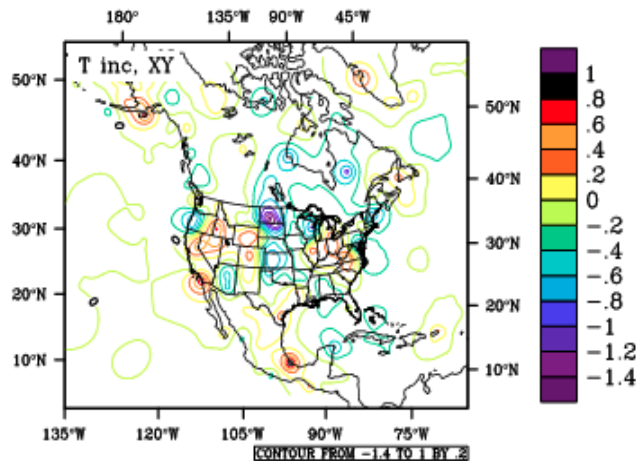
Convert from E grid to A grid

In: E grid field

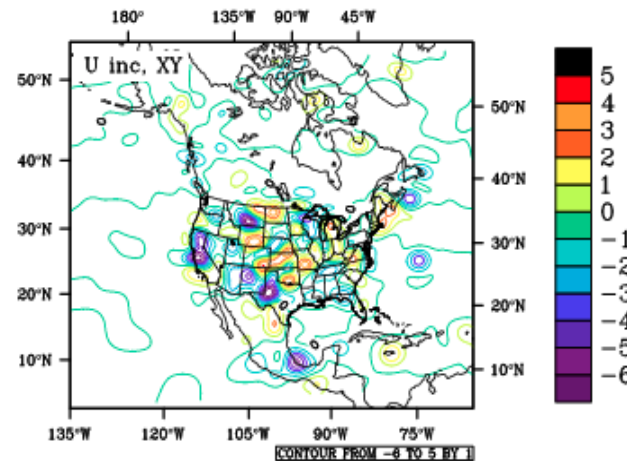
Out: A grid field

# Analysis increment: example

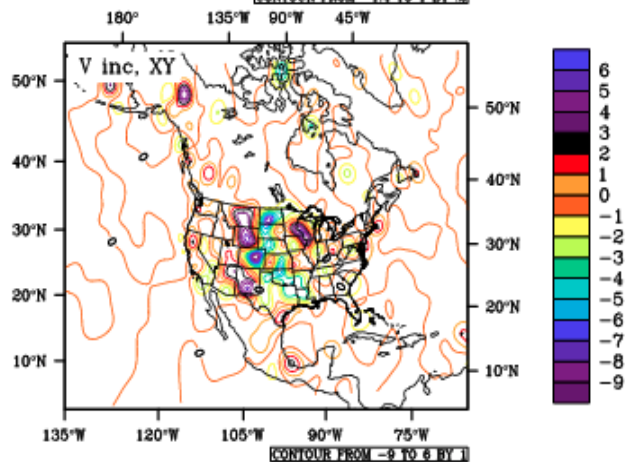
$\Delta T$



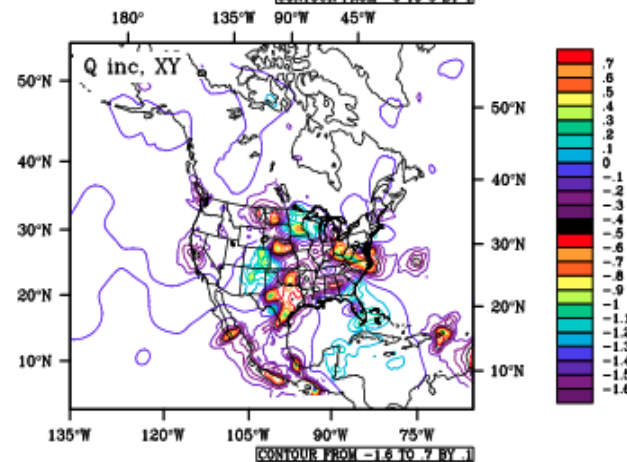
$\Delta U$



$\Delta V$



$\Delta q$



GSI analysis increment at the 15<sup>th</sup> level

# Summary

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# Many methods can be used:

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- We can diagnose GSI analysis by checking:
  - Standard output
  - Observation fitting statistics and diagnosis files
  - Convergence information
  - Analysis increment
- There are more:
  - Single observation test
  - Plot observation innovation overlay analysis increment
  - Forecast
  - ...



# Questions?

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